

ENERGIZING THE WORLD **ONE BTU** AT A TIME

Peabody

Equal Energy Access: The Power of Coal

September 14, 2010

Gregory H. Boyce
Chairman and
Chief Executive Officer
Peabody Energy



Equal Energy Access: The Power of Coal



Are We Setting the Right Global Priorities?

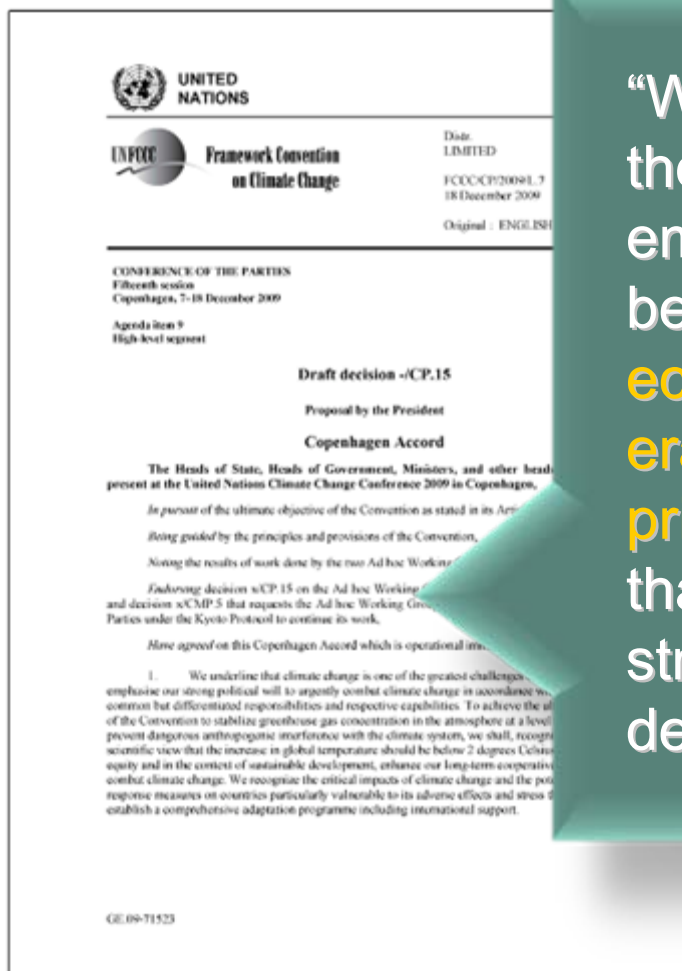
- Eliminating Energy Poverty Must Be Priority Number One
- The Goal: Electricity Access for All By 2050
- Coal is the Only Fuel that Can Meet the World's Rising Energy Demand
- Technology Deployment is Vital to Meet our Environmental Goals

Introducing The Peabody Plan

Eliminating Energy Poverty is The First Priority

Peabody

Copenhagen Accord: Social Development Key

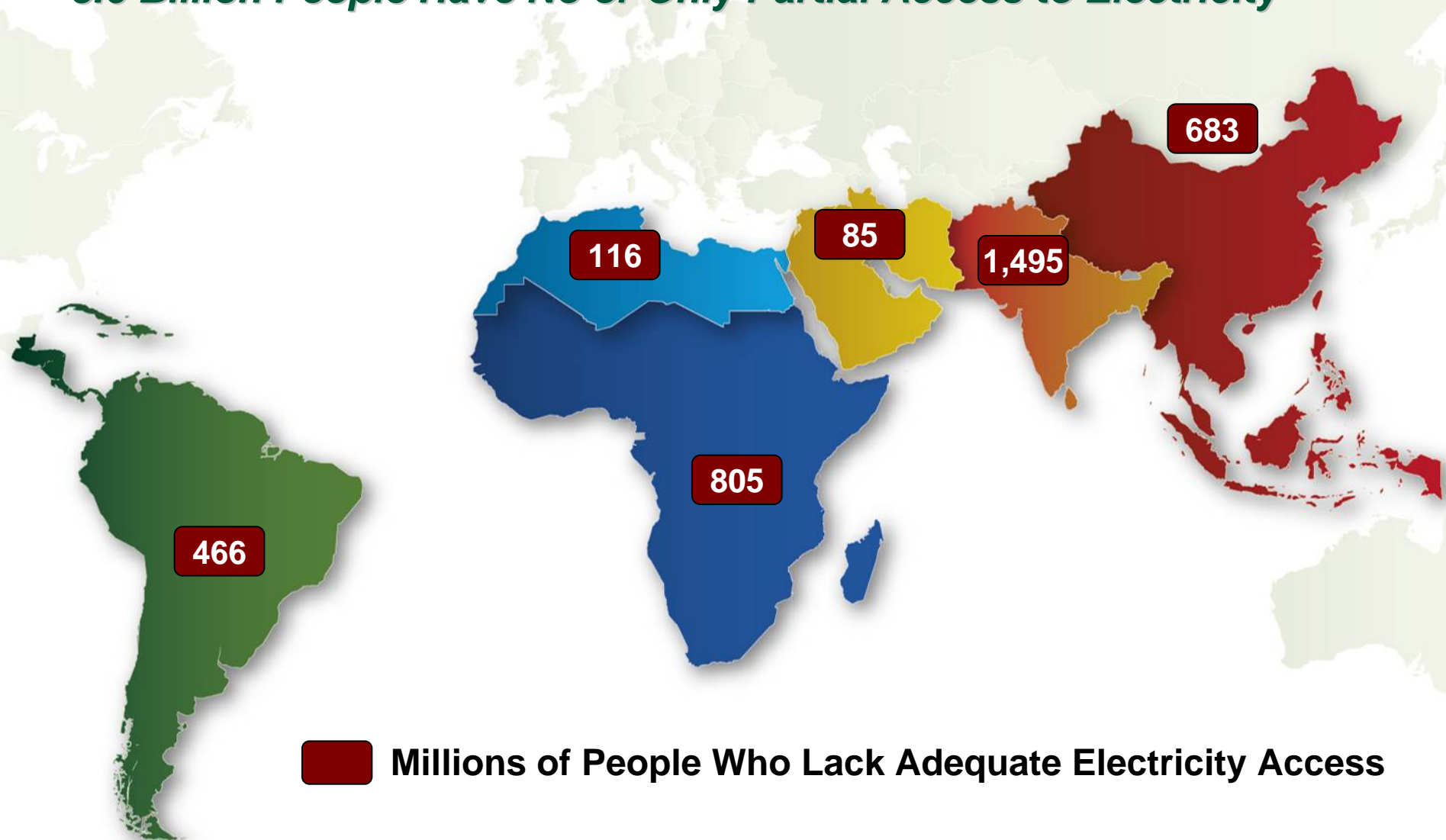


“We should cooperate in achieving the peaking of global and national emissions as soon as possible... bearing in mind that **social and economic development and poverty eradication are the first and overriding priorities of developing countries** and that a low-emission development strategy is indispensable to sustainable development.”

Access to Low-Cost Electricity Vital to Achieve Millennium Goals

Peabody

3.6 Billion People Have No or Only Partial Access to Electricity



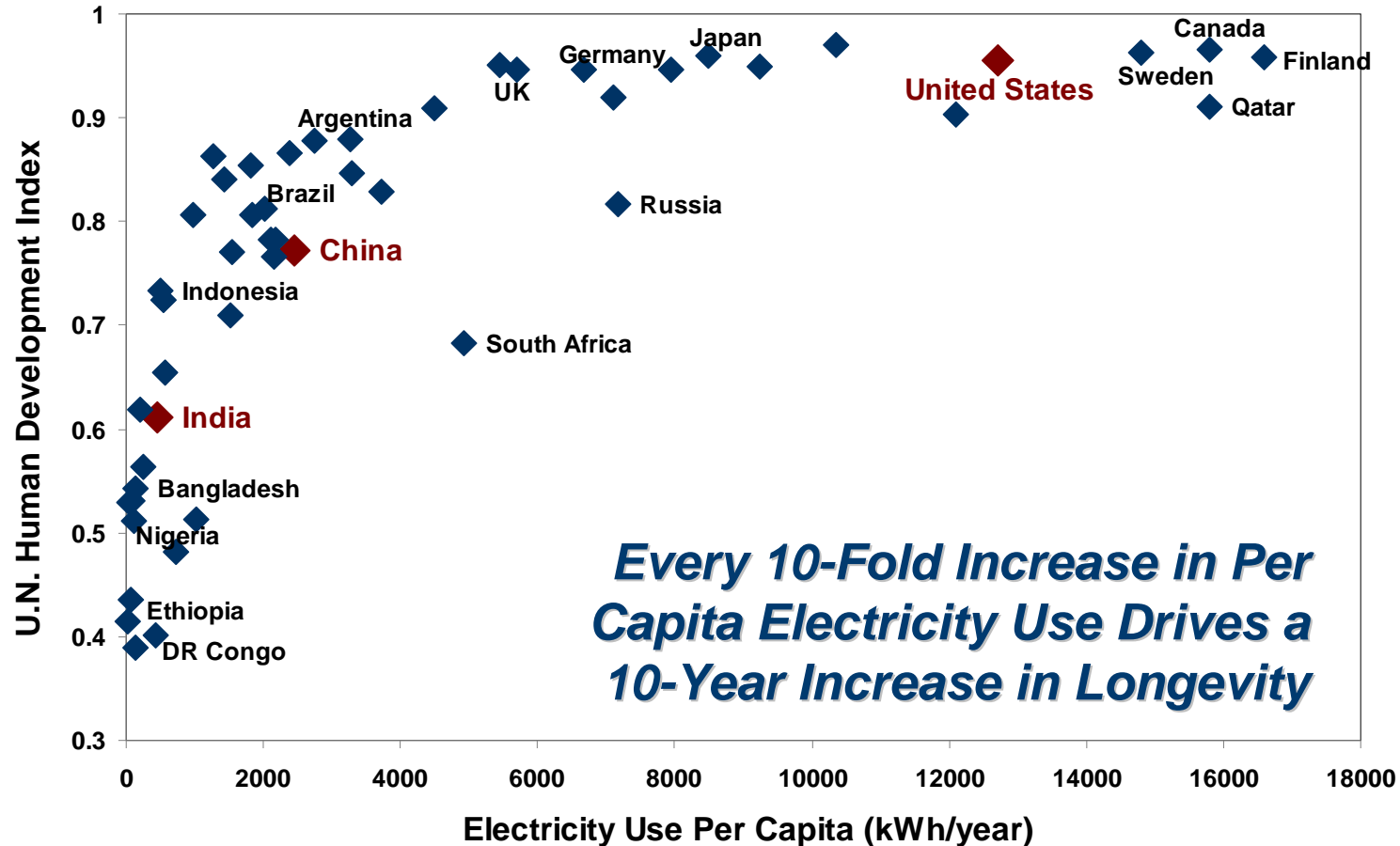
Source: International Energy Agency 2009 World Energy Outlook and The World Bank, 2010.

The 2050 Goal: Global Energy Access



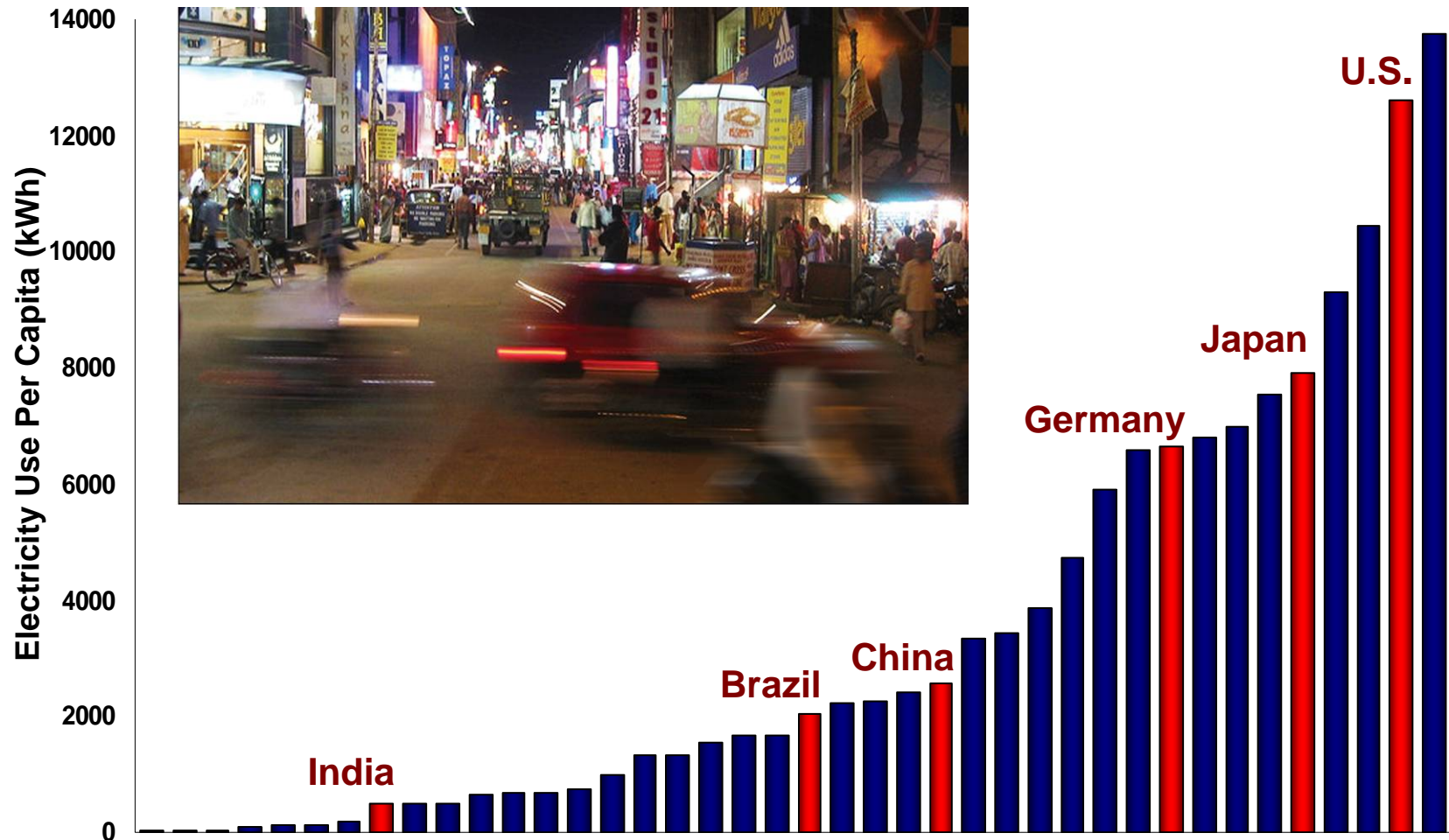
Electricity Enables People to Live Longer and Better

United Nations Links Affordable Energy to Quality of Life



Economic Development Strongly Linked to Higher Electricity Use

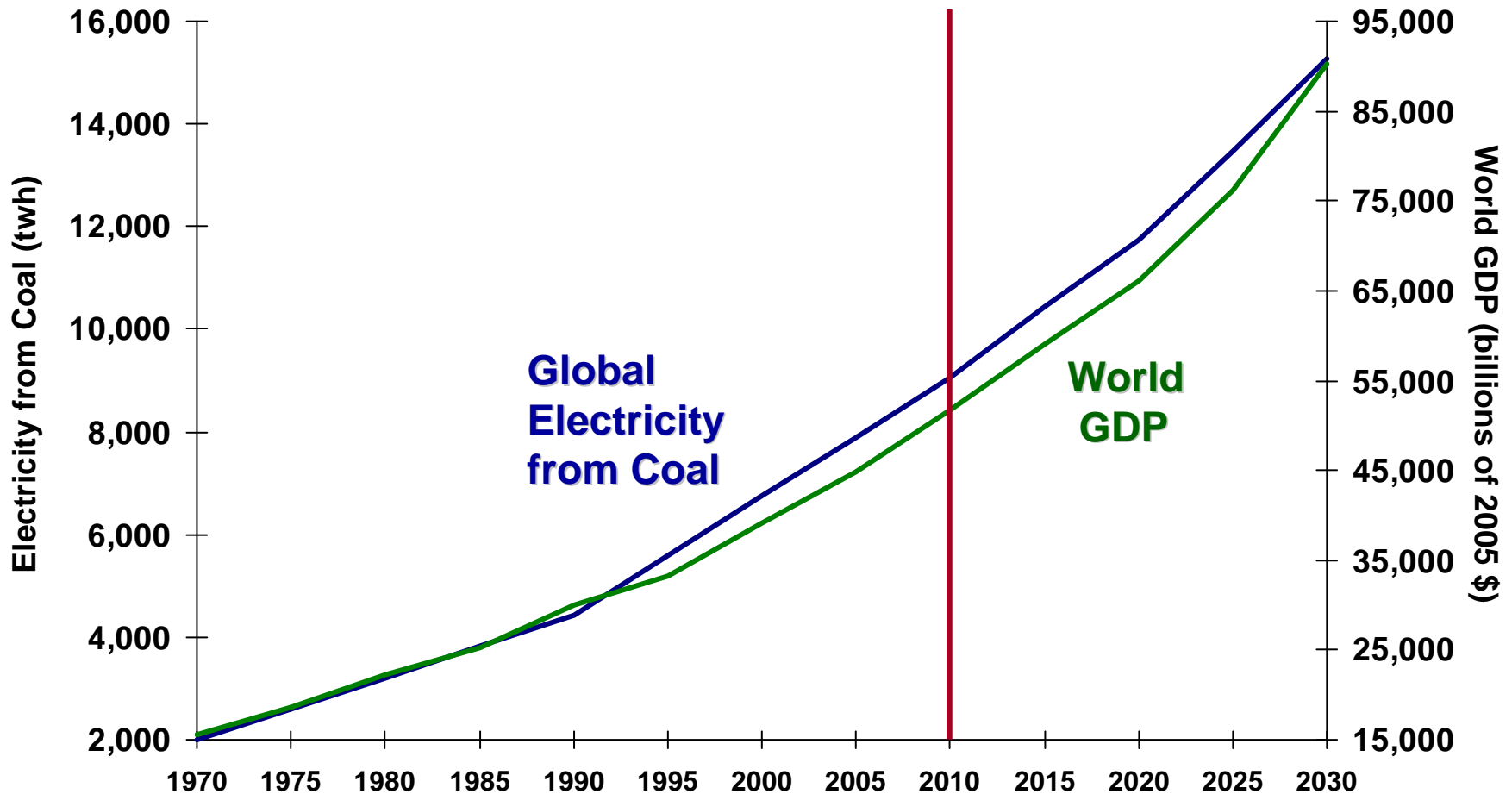
Majority of Nations Use Less Electricity Than Developed Economies



Past, Present and Future: Global Economic Miracle Fueled by Coal



A Near-Perfect Correlation: Global Coal and Economic Growth



Source: Developed from International Energy Agency World Energy Outlook 2009 and Energy Information Administration International Energy Outlook 2010.

China a Case Study for the Power of Coal to Propel Economies

- Coal-fueled power soars 475% since 1990
- GDP rises 375% since 1990
- China produces:
 - 50% of world's steel
 - 50% of world's cement
 - 28% of world's aluminum



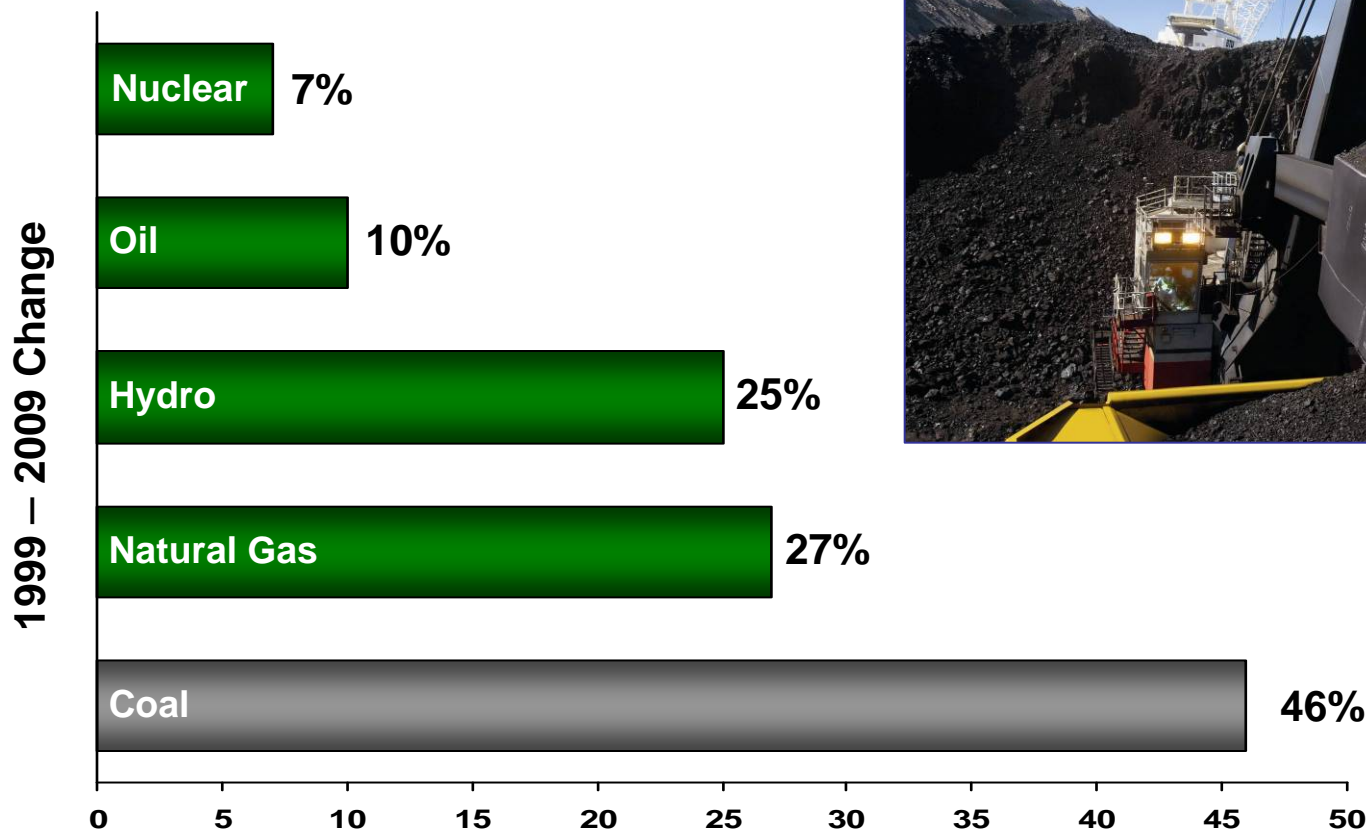
“Coal has underpinned China’s massive and unprecedented growth in output, fueling an economic miracle...” – IEA

**Coal is the Only Fuel
That Can Meet the
World's Rising
Energy Demand**



Coal: The World's Fastest Growing Fuel for the Past Decade

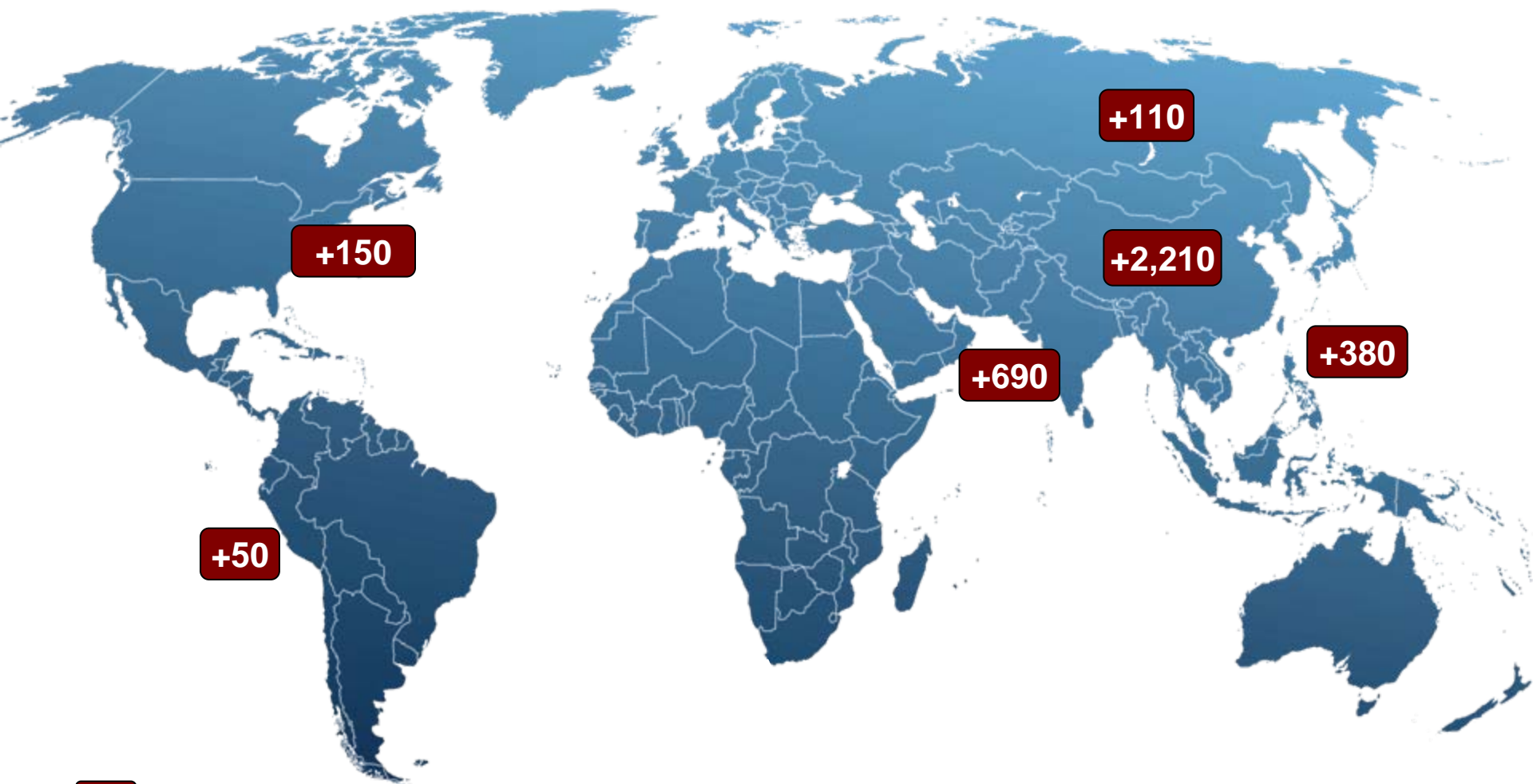
Change in Global Energy Consumption




Global Coal Use Expected to Rise 53% by 2030



Developing Asia = 90% of Long-Term Global Coal Demand



 Growth 2007 - 2030 (Tonnes in Millions)

U.S. growth presented in short tons.

Source: World Energy Outlook 2009, International Energy Agency; Annual Energy Outlook Forecasts, Energy Information Administration; Peabody analysis.

Zero Out Coal? No Energy Alternative Can Come Close



To Replace Coal's Contribution, The World Would Need...

SOLAR*

1,800 x Current Solar Generation

WIND*

2.5 Million Wind Turbines

NUCLEAR

1,150 Nuclear Plants

NATURAL GAS

70 tcf = 3X Russia's Production

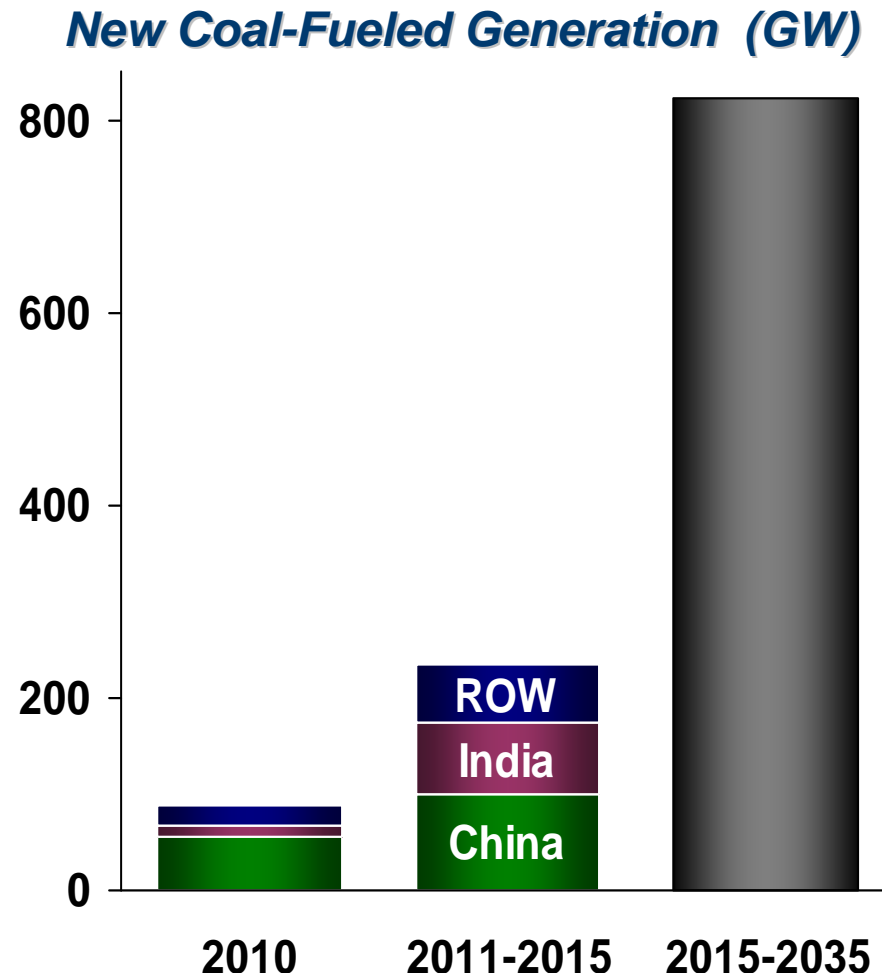
HYDRO

2,250 Dams

*Requires backup baseload generation for cloudy and calm periods.
Source: International Energy Agency, World Energy Outlook 2009.

Major New Global Build Out of Coal Generation Under Way

Generation Demand Driven by Asia and Growing Share of Electricity



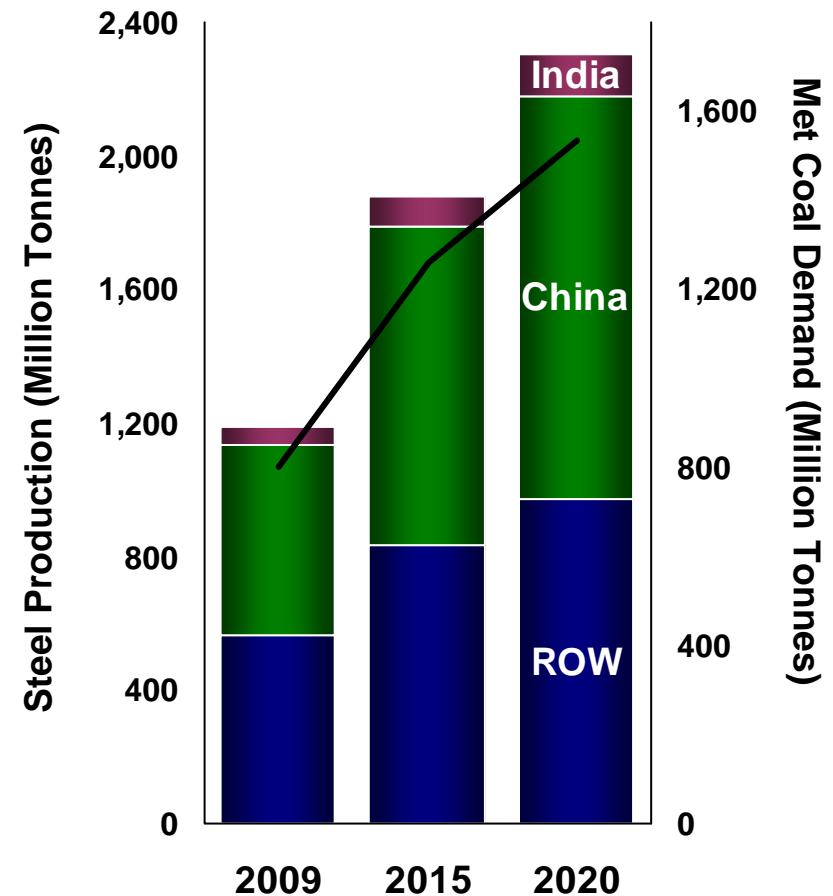
- Global coal-fueled generation expected to grow 90% by 2035
- 340 MTPA coal growth just in new plants starting up in 2010
- 2010 rate equates to ~1 billion tonnes of new demand every three years

Growing Urbanization Drives Increased Global Steel and Met Coal Use



- Global steel production expected to double by 2020
- Bulk of market share growth in China and India
- Higher steel production expected to drive increased met demand

*Global Steel Production
And Met Coal Demand*



Tonnes in millions.

Source: World Steel Association; third party data and Peabody analysis.

The World's Strongest Economies Are Fueled by Coal



	<i>China</i>	<i>India</i>	<i>United States</i>
Electricity from Coal	80%	71%	50%
Projected GDP Increase through 2030	380%	290%	95%
Projected GDP in 2030 <i>(Dollars in Trillions)</i>	\$33	\$11	\$25

Copenhagen: Low-Emission Development is Indispensable

Peabody



UNITED
NATIONS



Framework Convention
on Climate Change

Date:
LIMITED

FCOC/CP/2009/L.7
18 December 2009

Original: ENGLISH

CONFERENCE OF THE PARTIES
Fifteenth session
Copenhagen, 7-18 December 2009

Agenda item 9
High-level segment

Draft decision -/CP.15

Proposed by the President

Copenhagen Accord

The Heads of State, Heads of Government, Ministers, and other heads of delegation present at the United Nations Climate Change Conference 2009 in Copenhagen,

In pursuit of the ultimate objective of the Convention as stated in its Article 2,

Being guided by the principles and provisions of the Convention,

Noting the results of work done by the two Ad hoc Working Groups,

Endorsing decision 1/CP.15 on the Ad hoc Working Group on Long-term Cooperative Action and decision 1/CP.15 that requests the Ad hoc Working Group on Long-term Cooperative Action to continue its work,

Have agreed on this Copenhagen Accord which is operational from 1 January 2010.

1. We underline that climate change is one of the greatest challenges of our time. We emphasize our strong political will to urgently combat climate change in accordance with our common but differentiated responsibilities and respective capabilities. To achieve the objective of the Convention to stabilize greenhouse gas concentration in the atmosphere at a level that prevents dangerous anthropogenic interference with the climate system, we shall, recognizing the scientific view that the increase in global temperature should be below 2 degrees Celsius, equity and in the context of sustainable development, enhance our long-term cooperative action to combat climate change. We recognize the critical impacts of climate change and the need for response measures on countries particularly vulnerable to its adverse effects and stress the need to establish a comprehensive adaptation programme including international support.

GE.09-71523

“We should cooperate in achieving the peaking of global and national emissions as soon as possible... bearing in mind that social and economic development and poverty eradication are the first and overriding priorities of developing countries and that a **low-emission development strategy is indispensable to sustainable development.**”

A large industrial structure, possibly a power plant component, is under construction. It is heavily covered in a complex network of brown metal scaffolding. The structure is light blue or grey. At the base, there is a large circular opening. Several workers in blue and orange safety gear are visible on the scaffolding and near the base. The background is a clear blue sky.

Technology Deployment Essential for Environmental Goals

China's GreenGen
Power Project

Green Coal is the Path to Achieve Our Environmental Goals



- **Supercritical Plants**

- **Carbon Capture and Storage Demonstrations**

- **Commercial IGCC with Carbon Capture & Storage**

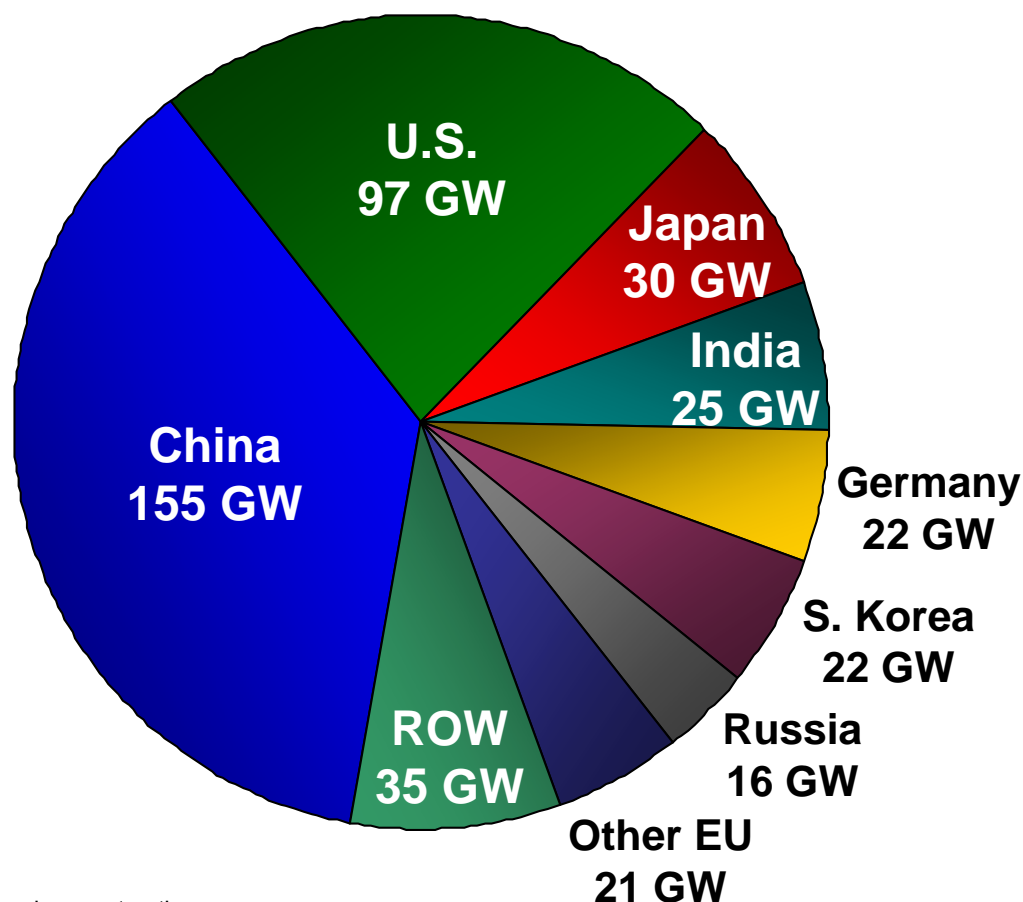
- **Retrofit Supercritical Coal Plants with CCS**

Path to Near-Zero Emissions

China Leading in Green Coal with Major Supercritical Plant Build Out

429 GW On Line and Under Construction

China represents 36% of world's advanced coal plants



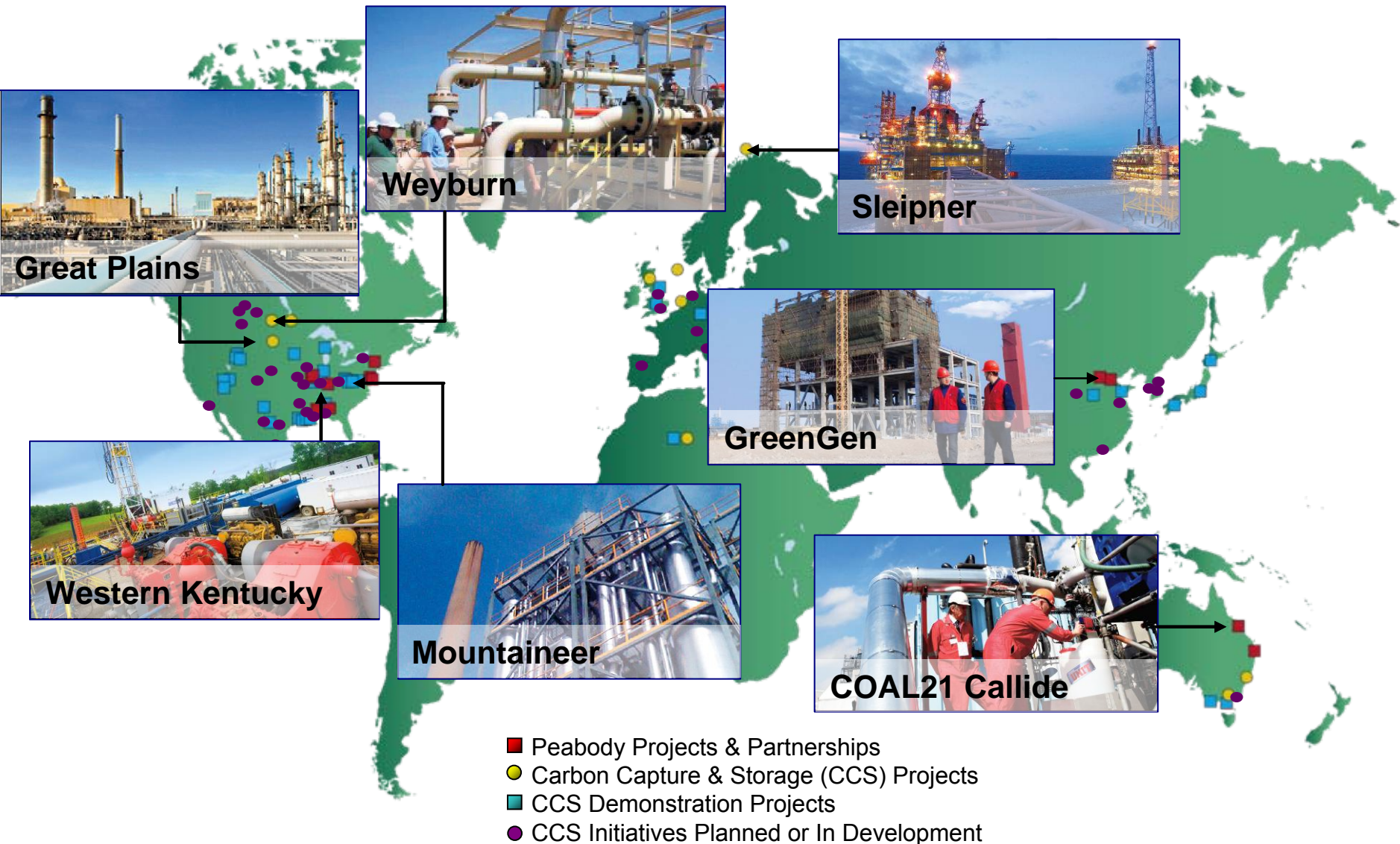
Global Supercritical Program Would Drive Major Reindustrialization



- The world has ~1,000 GW of traditional coal-fueled plants
- Replacing these with supercritical plants would create major economic stimulus, energy security and environmental benefit in 4 years:
 - \$4.3 trillion in economic benefit
 - 21 million jobs created
 - 1.5 billion tonnes of CO₂ avoided; equivalent to 325 million cars

Carbon Capture and Storage Projects Under Way Around the World

Peabody



Presidents Jintao and Obama Cite CCS as 21st Century Coal



*GreenGen Power Project and Carbon Research Center
Tianjin, China*

- Peabody only non-Chinese partner in GreenGen
- Multi-phase power project with carbon capture
- Among world's largest near-zero emissions projects
- First 250 MW unit on line in 2011

Peabody is a Global Leader In Clean Coal Solutions



*Consortium for Clean Coal Utilization in
Saint Louis, Missouri*

- Australia COAL21 Fund
- Global Carbon Capture and Storage Institute
- Consortium for Clean Coal Utilization
- U.S. Department of Energy National Carbon Capture Center
- Coal-to-gas: ConocoPhillips and GreatPoint Energy
- Calera Corp. equity participant; “CO₂ to cement”

- **The Challenge**
Alleviate Energy Poverty and Inequality
- **The Goal**
Electricity Access for All by 2050
- **The Plan...**

The Peabody Plan for Energy, Economic and Environmental Solutions



- **Eliminate Energy Poverty and Propel Global Economies by Ensuring that Half of New Generation is Coal-Fueled**
- **Replace 1,000 GW of Traditional Coal Plants with Advanced Coal (Supercritical and Ultrasupercritical) Plants**
- **Develop 100 Major Carbon Capture, Storage and Use Projects Around the World by 2020**
- **Deploy Significant Coal-to-Gas, -Chemicals, and -Liquids Projects Around the World by 2020**
- **Commercialize and Deploy Next Generation Clean Coal Technologies to Achieve Near-Zero Emissions**



ENERGIZING THE WORLD **ONE BTU** AT A TIME

Peabody

Equal Energy Access: The Power of Coal

September 14, 2010

Gregory H. Boyce
Chairman and
Chief Executive Officer
Peabody Energy

